



**DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL, HEHAL, RANCHI**  
**Holiday Homework of Humanities (Summer Vacation)**  
**Class XII – Session (2026–27)**

**Subject: English**

- Q.1. Franz thinks, "will they make them sing in German, even the pigeons?" The Last Lesson illustrates linguistic Chauvinism. Discuss.
- Q.2. What poetic devices has the poet used in "My Mother at Sixty Six"?
- Q.3 According to Charley, why can't Sam go back to his old business in Galesburg?
- Q.4. The callousness of our society is responsible for the plight of the downtrodden. Justify the statement in relation to the theme of "Lost Spring".
- Q.5. You are Vrinda Tripaathi/Vinod Tripaathi, President of 'Literature club'. Draft a notice in 50 words for your school notice board giving necessary details and inviting students for a 'Literature Quiz' to be held in your school auditorium.

**Subject: Geography**

Answer the following questions in not more than 150 words.

- (1) Write a note on the scope of Human Geography.
- (2) Discuss the three stages of demographic transition.
- (3) How do climate and mineral mining influence the distribution of world population? Explain with examples.
- (4) How do soil fertility and socio-cultural factors influence the distribution of the world population? Explain with examples.
- (5) Distinguish between push factors and pull factors of migration.

**PROJECT/ACTIVITY**

Write a brief report on the distribution and density of population in Jharkhand using dot method.

**Subject: History**

1. Mature Harappan sites: Harappa, Banawali, Kalibangan, Balakot, Rakhigarhi, Dholavira, Nageshwar, Lothal, Mohenjodaro, Chanhudaro, Kot Diji.
2. Mahajanapada and cities: Vajji, Magadha, Kosala, Kuru, Panchala, Gandhara, Avanti, Rajgir, Ujjain, Taxila, Varanasi.
3. Distribution of Ashokan inscriptions:
  - Pillar inscriptions – Sanchi, Topra, Meerut Pillar and Kaushambi.
  - Kingdom of Cholas, Cheras and Pandyas.
4. Important kingdoms and towns:
  - Kushanas, Shakas, Satavahanas, Vakatakas, Guptas
  - Cities/towns: Mathura, Kanauj, Puhar, Braghukachchha, Shravasti, Rajgir, Vaishali, Varanasi, Vidisha

5. Major Buddhist Sites: Nagarjunakonda, Sanchi, Amaravati, Lumbini, Bharhut, Bodh Gaya, Ajanta

On 5 outline maps of India locate and label the above important centres.

Write the importance of every place in a single sentence written on separate sheet attached to each map.

Submit in a stick file with title page on the day the school reopens.

### **Subject: Political Science**

1. Explain the challenges of nation building.
2. Explain the consequences of the partition of India in 1947.
3. Examine the reasons for the dominance of Congress Party in the first three general elections in India.
4. Describe the changes made in the methods of voting in India since independence.
5. Compare and contrast Five Year Plan with the NITI Aayog.
6. Write an essay for or against the following proposition: "With the disintegration of second world, India should change its foreign policy and focus more on friendship with US rather than with traditional friends like Russia".
7. What were the consequences of the disintegration of the Soviet Union.
8. Explain the factors responsible for the rise of the Chinese economy.
9. Explain factors that led India to emerge as a new centre of power.
10. Compare and contrast "Shock Therapy" of the USSR with the "Open Door Policy" of China.

### **Subject: Hindi**

बाज़ार दर्शन पाठ

बाज़ार पर आधारित लेख - नकली सामान पर नकेल जरूरी का अंश पढ़िए और नीचे दिए गए बिंदुओं पर एक project तैयार कीजिए.

क. नकली सामान के खिलाफ जागरूकता के लिए आप क्या कर सकते हैं?

ख. उपभोक्ताओं के हित को मद्देनजर रखते हुए सामान बनाने वाली कंपनियों का क्या दायित्व है?

ग. ब्रांडेड वस्तु को खरीदने के पीछे छिपी मानसिकता को उजागर कीजिए.

\* नकली सामान पर नकेल जरूरी - इस विषय पर एक निबंध लिखिए.

. पानी बचाओ - से जुड़े विज्ञापनों को एकत्र कीजिए.

इसे अपनी हिंदी नोट बुक में लिखिए.

## Subject: Economics

1. “Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) has been envisaged as one of the largest infrastructure projects being implemented in India, along with Smart Cities Mission, Bharatmala and Sagarmala – both in financial and geographical terms.” Elaborate the impact of these projects on GDP and welfare.
2. During an economic downturn the government encourages citizens to save more for their future security. However, economists argue that if every household increases their savings simultaneously without a corresponding increase in investment, the total national income will fall.

Q1.) Using the circular flow logic, explain why “Savings” are considered a leakage.

Q2.) Describe the “multiplier effect” in reverse that occurs when leakages exceed injections in the circular flow.

3. Calculate Gross National Product at Factor Cost from the following data by Income Method:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>(Rs. In Crore)</b>
(i) Private final consumption expenditure	1000
(ii) Net domestic capital formation	200
(iii) Profits	400
(iv) Compensation of employees	800
(v) Rent	250
(vi) Government final consumption expenditure	500
(vii) Consumption of fixed capital	60
(viii) Interest	150
(ix) Net current transfer from rest of the world	(-) 80
(x) Net factor income from abroad	(-) 10
(xi) Net exports	(-) 20
(xii) Net indirect taxes	80

4. Calculate national Income:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>(Rs. In Crore)</b>
(i) Corporation tax	100
(ii) Private final consumption expenditure	900
(iii) Personal income tax	120
(iv) Government final consumption expenditure	200
(v) Undistributed profits	50
(vi) Change in stocks	(-) 20
(vii) Net domestic capital formation	120
(viii) Net imports	10
(ix) Net indirect tax	150
(x) Net factor income from abroad	(-) 10
(xi) Private income	1000

5. In an economy, there are only two producers, A and B.

- Firm A sells goods worth Rs. 2000 to Firm B and Rs. 3000 to households.
  - Firm B sells goods worth Rs. 4000 to consumers and exports goods worth Rs. 1000.
  - Firm A's opening stock was Rs. 500 and closing stock is Rs. 700.
  - Firm B bought raw materials worth Rs. 1500 from the rest of the world.
- Calculate (i) Value Added by Firm A and B, (ii) GDP at MP.

6. Calculate National Income.

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>(Rs. In Crore)</b>
(i) Value of output of primary sector	1000
(ii) Value of output of secondary sector	800
(iii) Value of output of tertiary sector	600
(iv) Intermediate consumption of primary sector	500
(v) Intermediate consumption of secondary sector	400
(vi) Intermediate consumption of tertiary sector	300
(vii) Consumption of fixed capital	80
(viii) Indirect taxes	100
(ix) Subsidies	20
(x) Net factor income from abroad	(-) 30

7. Calculate national income by (a) Income Method and (b) Expenditure Method:

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>(Rs. In Crore)</b>
(i) Mixed income of self employed	700
(ii) Old age pensions	200
(iii) Profit	600
(iv) Government final consumption expenditure	1100
(v) Net indirect tax	150
(vi) Interest	400
(vii) Net domestic capital formation	650
(viii) Net factor income from abroad	(-) 40
(ix) Private final consumption expenditure	2400
(x) Compensation of employees	1500
(xi) Net imports	60
(xii) Rent	300
(xiii) Consumption of fixed capital	100

### **Subject: Painting**

- (1) Draw still life composition with effect of light and Shadow.(9)
- (2) Draw composition (City ,village, sports,festival) and paint with watercolour medium, including human figures . (9)
- (3) Draw(own choices') composition (2)

**Note: -On A3 Sheet**